

Teen-Care news

UAHC Health Plan of Tennessee, Inc.

Sweets Are No Treat for Teeth



o sweet treats affect your teeth? YES. Food or drinks with a lot of sugar may give you cavities. The bacteria (germs) in your mouth love sugars found in many foods and drinks. The bacteria feed on the sugars, producing acids that hurt the enamel, or hard surface, of your teeth. If you eat or drink a lot of sugar, and don't brush your teeth afterwards, more damage and cavities can occur.

It is important to choose food and drinks wisely, and think before you eat. Here are some tips that will help:

- Eat a healthy diet of fruit, vegetables, meat, bread, and milk.
- Choose healthy snacks that are low in sugar, such as apples, carrot sticks, yogurt, or low-fat cheese.
- Drink lots of water.
- Don't drink soft drinks. They contain a lot of sugar. A can of regular soda has 10 teaspoons of sugar.
- Brush your teeth thoroughly after food or drinks that contain sugar. Remember, the longer the sugar sits on your teeth, the more damage it can cause!

Brush thoroughly two times

each day with fluoride toothpaste, and floss one time each day.

■ Visit your dentist regularly for checkups and cleanings.

Dentists have known for a long time that having a healthy mouth helps you have a healthy body. To stay healthy, you should see your dentist every 6 months, and brush and floss your teeth daily.

If you have TennCare, you have TENNderCARE (EPSDT) dental services until you become 21 years old. These services include FREE, regular, 6-month checkups, fluoride treatments, and sealants. *

If you have TennCare, call Doral Customer Service at 1-888-233-5935, or visit the Web site at www.doralusa.com:

- For help finding a dentist
- For questions about your TennCare dental benefits
- For help with interpretation and translation
- For help with transportation

Need a Ride?

If you need help to schedule a ride to your doctor or health department, call 1-800-876-9758 for Member Services.



Straight Talk Just for Girls

Remember, if you

are a UAHC member

under age 21, visits

to your primary

TENNderCare

Program.

y periods are not regular. What's wrong with me?" If this is your situation, there are some things you need to know.

Many girls have very irregular periods during the first couple years of menstruating. In fact,

irregular is regular for many girls. Menstruating, or a period, happens when all parts of a girl's reproductive system have matured and are working together.

The levels of your hormones determine the amount of blood

and how long your period lasts. Since you are still growing in your teen years, your hormone levels are constantly changing. This can account for your period being different from one to the next.

In addition, young women don't always ovulate every month when they first get their periods. There's no sure way for a girl to know which month she is ovulating and which she is not.

pregnant each and every month, even if your periods are irregular.

You should assume you can get

A girl's first period can happen anytime from about age 10 to age 16. Just as the onset of your period can vary, so can the length and the number of days between

> cycles. A cycle is the number of days from the start of one period to the start of the next. Menstrual cycles can be anywhere between 21 and 45 days for the first couple of years.

care provider (PCP) are free under the The cycle usually shortens to 21 to 34 days. The amount of time that you

from 2 or 3 days, to 7 days or

Other things also can cause irregular periods or make your periods stop. They

include:

longer.

Sources: National Institute of Child Health & Human Development and the Food and Drug Administration

- Too much exercise
- Eating disorders
- Poor nutrition
- Heavy stress *

If you are sexually active and skip a period, you should still see a doctor to see if you are pregnant. If you have questions, you can always call Nurseline and talk to a registered nurse.



Assurance of Nondiscrimination: No person on the grounds of handicap, and/or disability, age, race, color, religion, sex, or national origin shall be excluded from participation in, denied benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program or service provided by UAHC Health Plan of Tennessee, Inc. Do you have more questions? Do you need more help? You can make a free call to the Family Assistance Service Center at 1-866-311-4287. In Nashville, call **743-2000**. You also can visit our website at www.uahctn.com and click on "Members." Then click on "Member Handbook" to read more information about your rights as a UAHC member.

Straight Talk Just for Guys

et's face it. Everyone wants to be a winner. And what guy wouldn't want to look "ripped" or have the body that girls admire? But if you're not careful, you could sacrifice your good health for temporary glory.

You probably think that sport supplements are safe to use and good for you because they're sold at gyms and health food stores. You might be right. But you might be wrong.

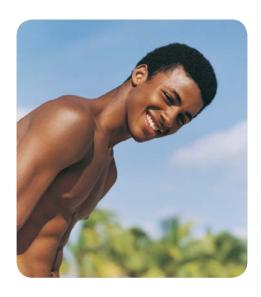
The dangers of sport supplements stem from the fact that little is known about them and their side effects on the body. Because the sport's supplement industry is largely unregulated, there's no way to know what or how pure the ingredients are. Side effects of sports supplements include:

- Allergic reactions
- Stomach cramps
- Muscle cramps
- Nausea and vomiting
- Diarrhea
- Weight gain
- Water retention What about performance-

enhancing drugs or PEDs? Some of the most common PEDs are steroids and growth hormones. If you use PEDs to get an edge, you're not only cheating, you're playing a losing game. In addi-

tion to severe acne,

PEDs can cause serious health problems – even death. You won't and the call is free.



care how fast or strong you are if you have to deal with some of these problems:

- Baldness
- Muscle cramps and muscle strain
- Sleep problems
- Heat stroke
- Severe mood swings and depression
- Seizures
- Irregular heart beat
- Heart attack
- Stroke and blood clots
- Abnormal kidney function
- Liver damage
- Cancers *

Remember, if you are a UAHC member under age 21, visits to your primary care provider (PCP) are free under the **TENNderCare** Program.

The only way to be sure any supplements are safe is to check with a doctor, nutritionist, or other medical professional. If you have questions, you can always call Nurseline, and talk to a registered nurse.

The number is 1-800-876-6498,

Energy Drinks—Good or Bad?

You may not need to spend money on energy drinks to get the energy you need. In fact, some so-called energy drinks may do more harm than good. That's because caffeine is one of the main ingredients in many energy drinks.

Caffeine is a stimulant. It can increase reaction time and alertness. But, it also can increase blood pressure and heart rate. This could be bad for people with risk factors for heart disease. Caffeine also can cause nervousness, upset stomach, headaches, and sleep problems. These side effects can seem even worse if you are taking certain medicines.

Besides caffeine and sugar, some brands of energy drinks may have ingredients that have not been tested for safety.

Your best bet for getting energy is the natural way:

- Eat a well-balanced diet
- Drink plenty of water
- Exercise regularly
- Get plenty of sleep



Beware of Staph Infections

s a teen, you know that pimples and zits can be common. But beware of skin infections that may appear as pustules or boils. They are often red, swollen, painful, or have pus or other drainage. They may be caused by a type of bacteria called Staphylococcus (staf-uh-low-kahkus), or staph.

Several types of staph bacteria exist. Staph bacteria live in the nose and on skin surfaces of healthy people. But when the skin is broken, staph bacteria can enter the wound and cause an infection. Most of these skin infections are minor and can be treated without antibiotics.

However, a staph infection that is showing up in schools can become serious because it is resistant to many antibiotics. If the infection enters the bloodstream, it can cause serious health problems, even death in some cases.

Schools have many elements that make spreading of the infection possible. In some cases, schools have even closed to be

cleaned and disinfected because of the widespread infection. Factors of spreading include:

- Crowding—skin-to-skin contact with someone who has a staph infection
- Frequent contact, such as in sports
- Open wounds
- Sharing of infected items

PROTECT YOURSELF

- Keep clean. Wash your hands often with soap and water, or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer. Shower or bathe daily.
- **Cover cuts and scrapes** with a clean, dry bandage until healed.
- Do not share personal items. Avoid sharing towels, razors, or clothing that has come into contact with your bare skin. Use clothing or a towel between your skin and shared equipment, such as weight-training benches. Disinfect sports equipment after each use.
- Keep surfaces clean that come in contact with your skin.*

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

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Important Numbers

24-Hour Nurse Hotline

1-800-876-6498 **Member Services** 901-260-4400 or 1-800-876-9758 **Hearing Impaired** 1-800-876-9763

To get help with Dental or Pharmacy services, please call:

Doral Dental Services 1-888-233-5935 **Pharmacy Services** 1-888-816-1680

Need a Translation?

Interpretation and translation services are FREE to the enrollee. Please call Member Services at 901-260-4400 if you live in Shelby County or 1-800-876-9758 if you live outside Shelby County.

Need to report a change?

Have a question? Need help? Call us. The Family Assistance Service Center: 1-866-311-4287. In Nashville, call 743-2000.

Need a TENNderCARE Appointment or Transportation?

We can help! Call Member Services at 901-260-4400 or 1-800-876-9758. Be sure to ask for extension 4495 or 4464.

Servicios al miembro

(Marque 2 para español) 901-260-4400 ó 1-800-876-9758.

Have you been treated unfairly? You have the right to file a complaint. Call 1-800-876-9758.

¿Le han tratado injustamente? Tiene derecho a presentar una queja. Llame al 1-800-876-9758.

